## INTEGRAL UNIVERSITY <br> Wireless Communication (EC-604) <br> IIIrd year $6^{\text {th }}$ Semester <br> Group: EC1 <br> Quiz-2

## Date:

## Name:

## Branch:

Roll Number:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

1. The shape of a cell (ideally) in a cellular network is-
(a). Square
(b). Rectangular
(c). Hexagonal
(d.) None of the above
2. During a call if the MS moves into a different cell then sometimes the call drops, this situation is caused due to-
(a). Improper Hand-off
(b). Proper Hand-off
(c). Hands-up
(d.) Hands-in
3. Interference resulting from signals which are just next to in frequency to the desired signal is called-
(a). Co-channel Interference
(b). Adjacent Channel Interference
(c). Both (a) and (b)
(d.) None of the above
4. What does E in EDGE stands for-
(a). Encouraged
(b). Endowed
(c). Enhanced
(d). Encrypted
5. If each cell in a cellular network is allocated a group of $k$ channels ( $k<S$ ), and if the $S$ channels are divided among N cells into unique and disjoint channel groups, then the total number of available radio channels can be expressed as -
(a). $S=k N$
(b). $S=k / N$
(c). $S=k+N$
(d.) $S=k!* N^{2}$
6. Out of the following techniques for increasing the capacity and coverage area, in a cellular network, which one is most costlier-
(a). Microcell Zone Technique
(b). Cell Splitting
(c). Cell Sectoring
(d). Repeaters
7. While increasing the capacity and coverage area the radius of the cell is affected when using -
(a). Cell Splitting
(b). Microcell Zone Technique
(c). Cell Sectoring
(d). Repeaters
8. In worst case for a 7 cell cluster the $\mathrm{S} / \mathrm{I}$ ratio in a mobile system is-
(a). 5 dB
(b). 15 dB
(c). 1 dB
(d). 18 dB
9. The number of co channel interfering base stations in a $60^{\circ}$ and $120^{\circ}$ sectoring and using omni-directional base station antennas are respectively-
(a). $12,6,1$
(b). $6,12,1$
(c). $1,6,12$
(d). None of these
10. Out of the following cluster size N , which one is incorrect
(a). 4
(b). 3
(c). 7
(d). 5

